# **Cash Balance Plan**

A cash balance retirement plan is a defined benefit plan that gives the appearance of operating more like a 401(k) plan than a traditional defined benefit plan.

### How a Cash Balance Plan Works

Like a 401(k) plan, each participant has an account and his or her benefit is based on the value of the account. However, unlike a 401(k) plan, a cash balance plan account is only hypothetical. It exists only on paper and is for recordkeeping purposes only. No assets are segregated in the account and the participant does not direct the investment of the account.

The plan's formula provides a contribution amount that will be credited to the participant account. There are a variety of ways the amount can be calculated, but the most common are a fixed dollar amount (such as, \$10,000 a year) or a percentage of compensation (such as, 5% of compensation). Usually, the amount is credited to the account annually at the end of the plan year.

The account is then credited annually with "interest" based on a rate specified in the plan document. The rate can be a fixed rate of interest or tied to a market index. The interest credit is guaranteed and is independent on the plan's investment performance. Currently this rate is 5%.

The accounts are maintained by the plan's actuary, who generates annual participant statements. The benefit payable to a participant is expressed as a lump-sum amount – a cash balance in an account. That's different from a traditional defined benefit plan, which expresses its benefit as an annuity payable in the future for the participant's lifetime.

## **Actual Deductible Contributions**

The actual contribution to the cash balance retirement plan determined by the plan's actuary. Typically, the contribution isn't the same as when calculated using the plan's formula. If the actual investment return is particularly poor over a period of time, the actual contribution may need to be higher.

## The Advantages of Cash Balance Plans

- If the participant terminates employment, he or she will be entitled to a single sum payment. That participant could then roll that benefit to an IRA or another qualified plan. By having a known dollar amount at termination or retirement, participants are able to better plan for their retirement.
- The company is only required to earn the established interest rate. Any amounts earned over this rate will reduce future contributions.
- Paired with 401(k) plan is an effective means to control employee costs, while maximizing benefits for the owners.

## What must a client be ready for if they adopt a cash balance plan?

- Contributions are required each year.
- Once the contribution has been earned for the year it must be funded, even if the participant has terminated service.
- Accounts must be fully vested after three (3) years of service. There is no graded vesting schedule.
- Currently, plans may be established on a volume submitter basis, which will help reduce start up costs.

Cash Balance plans can enhance the effectiveness of an employer's retirement program, but they must be designed thoughtfully and carefully administered. NH Hicks can provide these services.

